

FORT BEND COUNTY HISTORICAL COMMISSION

ORAL HISTORY COMMITTEE

Interviewees: **René Rosenbush Lamb**

Interview Date: 01/21/2012

Interviewer: Roberta Terrell

Transcriber: Carlos Rubalcaba

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Transcript

TERRELL: Good morning. Will you please tell me your full name?

LAMB: Judy René Rosebush Lamb.

TERRELL: When and where were you born?

LAMB: I was born in Houston, Texas on January the second, 1947, in Saint Joseph's hospital.

TERRELL: What brought your family to Fort Bend County?

LAMB: John and Randolph Foster, my 7th and 6th Great Grandfathers, respectively, came to Texas in 1822 as members of Austin's Old 300. They settled in the area that became known as Foster. John received about 12,000 acres of land from the Mexican government and Randolph received a *sitio* [site] of land about 4,428 acres on the Brazos below San Felipe. Following John's death, the land was divided among his 10 children. Hallie Pattison Rosenbush, my grandmother, inherited this property, which was passed down from her parents to her. This is where my grandmother and grandfather ended up settling after they married. This property is now where Foster Creek Estates and Heritage Ranch are on FM 359.

TERRELL: And your grandmother?

LAMB: My grandmother was a descendant of John and Randolph Foster.

TERRELL: What was your grandfather's name and, where was he born?

LAMB: My grandfather, Walter Rosenbush, was born in Fulshear, TX.

TERRELL: What type of work did he do? Was he a rancher, farmer, run a store?

LAMB: He did it all. He had an IGA store in Houston on Waugh Drive. Then when my grandmother and he moved out here permanently, he opened the Rosenbush General Store and was the postmaster for a while, as was my grandmother. He raised cotton, grew pecans, raised corn, and had cattle on the different properties out here in Foster. He had property on FM 359, he had property on FM 723, as well as property in Katy and Pattison.

TERRELL: Did he inherit that property?

LAMB: My grandmother inherited the property on FM 359, but my grandfather also bought property. He bought acres in the William Andrus Land Grant in 1926, as well as property in Katy, Pattison, and additional land on FM 359 from heirs of John Foster.

He eventually built a general store and post office in Foster where he served as postmaster and constable. He also served on the school board for the Foster area. I think he built the store around 1900 and closed it around 1948. Prior to building that store, he worked for a man named John Hunken who owned a store in Foster. When Mr. Hunken passed away, my grandfather obtained that store and ran it until he built his own. I guess being apprenticed to a peddler and learning the trade of selling and buying and delivering store goods is what led him to want to start his own business. While running the store, my grandfather also started farming some of the land he had bought. He became a successful businessman owning over 1,000 acres of land in several counties.

TERRELL: That's a great story. Could you tell me about his wife?

LAMB: Her name was Hallie Pattison Rosenbush, great-great granddaughter of Randolph Foster. Her mother was Lucy Foster Pattison of Pattison, Texas. Many of my relatives live in Pattison, or did. By the time I was born, she had had a stroke, was in a wheelchair and talked some but not a whole lot. My grandmother graduated from Southwestern University in Georgetown where she majored in music. She was a member of Eastern Star and served as postmaster in Foster, Texas. Because my grandmother could no longer cook, they hired two ladies named Jenny Caldwell and Mary Ross who helped with the cooking, washing and ironing. There was a small shed built in the backyard where Mary washed.

TERRELL: In the wash shed, did they have a ringer washer or was it a scrub board?

LAMB: She had a scrub board but later my grandfather purchased a ringer washer. I remember she still boiled some of the clothes in the old kettle with the lye soap. She had an ironing board with the old iron that you had to heat to get hot. There was a clothesline out back behind my grandparent's house where she hung clothes. I remember how much fun it was to be out there and visit with her. Mother and daddy asked her to stay with me and my brother when they went out or mother and daddy took us to stay with her and her husband, John Ross, at their home.

TERRELL: How many children did your grandparent's have?

LAMB: They had three children. The oldest was Maude Rhea Rosenbush Swanson who is now deceased. My dad, John Edward Rosenbush, was the middle child. He went by Johnny. The youngest son, Oscar Pattison Rosenbush, was accidentally killed in a hunting accident on New Year's Eve in 1943.

TERRELL: Did everybody end up living out here?

LAMB: After my grandfather and grandmother passed away, my aunt inherited the house and the store so she lived where Foster Creek Estates and Heritage Ranch are now. My dad continued to live in Foster where my brother and I were raised.

TERRELL: Tell us where your mother was from?

LAMB: My mother was from Simonton, Texas, where she grew up with her sisters, Rosa Lee and Eleanor. My mother's father's name was Charles Edwin Johnson and his wife's name was Ethel. They came here from Missouri because my grandfather's cousin, Lucille, married a man named Jack Sahol. He bought property in Simonton and needed someone to run it for him so he contacted my grandfather. Uncle Jack, as we refer to him, started Pecan Acres; he planted all the trees with the help of his son, Jarl Sahol. Jarl recently passed away and his ashes were scattered out on the property, which is now owned by Robert Frost. Robert allowed Jarl's sister, Roberta Ann Cuming's, to scatter his ashes on the property. Both my aunts are quite old now. One is a hundred and the other just passed away at ninety-eight. They wanted to see the home place where they grew up. Robert and Sinda Frost, and Robert's sister and her husband, let us come out and look around Pecan Acres. We walked across the road from Pecan Acres where there is a small barn and lake surrounded by more pecan trees. My aunts told stories on how they got on the roof of the barn and slid down and what fun they had. Once my mother fell off the roof and broke her arm. The lake was called Lucille Lake named after Jack Sahol's wife, Lucile. The barn has been remodeled and the polo fields now sit on that piece of property.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Please read the Robert Sherer Frost's interview on this website at <https://www.fortbendcountytx.gov/home/showdocument?id=41150>

When Jack Sahol sold his land to Vernon Frost, my grandparents moved to Simonton and lived in a little house between Berkman's store and Berkman's house. My grandparent's house isn't there now. My grandfather worked in the Daily's grocery store where he was a bookkeeper. He was a member of the Simonton baseball team. I have a great picture of that. My grandmother was a stay-at-home mother. All three of the girls went to the old Simonton School which is still there. All graduated from Richmond High School.

My mother never worked except for just a little while during World War II. She worked for a shipping line in Houston. She had a sister who lived in Pasadena so she lived with them. During WWII, my dad enlisted in the army but, being too old to serve in combat, he served at Ellington Air Force Base as an airplane mechanic. After the war ended my dad and my mother went to Freeport and dad worked at the Dow Chemical Plant. They'd been there, I think, about a year when his brother, Oscar, was killed. Oscar had been helping my grandfather with the farming and the ranching in Foster. When Oscar was killed, my dad came back to Foster to help my grandfather and he never left. Mother never worked after that.



Simonton baseball team, back row (l-r), Hilton, Saunders, Charles Johnson, (René's maternal grandfather), Senior, and G. Hilton. Second row (l-r) unknown, Hudgens, Duane Davidson, Napa Chattel, the Davis boy, date unknown.

TERRELL: Can you describe just a typical day in your childhood?

LAMB: Yes, I can remember as a kid living at Winner-Foster Road and FM 359. I spent a lot of time riding horses. Mother made us breakfast in the mornings, particularly if it was a summer day. That's when I always remember I had the most fun. I'm surprised I became a school teacher (chuckling) because I loved summer so much. A typical summer day would be getting up, mother making us breakfast, then we played outside. We went with my father when he drove cattle from one pasture to another or went with him in the truck to the different properties. We drove the cattle down FM 359 toward Hines Nursery near Flewellen and herded the cattle over to pasture land on FM 723 also. It was always fun as a child to get up early and go with my father to Port City Stockyards in Houston where he sold the cattle. One of the men that lived on the property, either Buster or Zeke, went along to help daddy with the cattle.

On the way back from selling the cattle we always stopped at Lotts Grill which was on South Main across from where Reliant Energy Center is now. Because of the times, our black workers were not allowed to go into the grill to eat breakfast so daddy ordered hamburgers for them and they ate on the way home.

We had a tree house at the back that we'd spend time playing in. We also rode bikes and went all over Foster. We played a lot with our cousins that lived in Foster as well. We each had a horse, we could get one of the people that worked on the property or the nearby store to help us saddle the horses and we took long rides down Winner-Foster Road, Bois D' Arc Road, or invite a friend over to ride horses. Mother made us picnic lunches so we could take those on our rides. I remember my mom had a garden behind the back of the house, a pretty nice vegetable garden. We helped her to work in the garden. We could watch but we played outside a lot.

TERRELL: How old were you when you got a TV?

LAMB: Oh, I don't know, five or six. We had a black and white set. When we weren't watching TV, we sometimes went swimming in the rice canals in Katy. This was on property where Cinco Ranch is now located. The property was owned by Brownie Rice, who is a Foster descendant as well.

We had a lot of relatives that came and saw us during the weekends. My aunt from Pasadena, her husband and their kids, who were close to our age, came out particularly during pecan season. My father grafted pecan trees all over the property where Foster Creek Estates is now and where I live on FM 723. We made picnic lunches and ate under the trees. Daddy and the "hands" used whipping poles to whip the trees and knock down the pecans. We then picked up the pecans. I remember daddy taking the pecans to the old Rosenbush store, which closed around 1947. Daddy weighed them and paid us in silver dollars. I have his scales in my home.

Daddy sold the pecans that were picked up. He had a man named Willie Hall who had a huge family, maybe thirteen kids. They lived in the store and helped gather the pecans during harvest season. Because the properties had so many pecan trees, selling the pecans was a pretty big business back then. I remember as a kid, daddy and I sold pecans from the old store. People stopped on the weekends and bought the various types of grafted pecans that he was selling. If they wanted more, he sold the big burlap sacks that were stacked up high to the ceiling. He also sold pecans to Bagley's or Baileys in Rosenberg or Richmond or Simonton. It was always fun to be able to go over there and be with him and sell pecans.

I remember there was a jukebox in the store that came out of a beer joint that my grandmother's brother owned in Pattison. The beer joint had a very long bar. It must have been nice because when he died my aunt got it and later I remember her selling to it Valley Lodge. As a teenager going to parties at Valley Lodge Club House, I saw that old bar and remember that it came from his bar in Pattison.

TERRELL: I remember that.

LAMB: Oh, you do? The jukebox that was in the Rosenbush Store came out of the Pattison bar as well and daddy had it in the store. We could put on records and play songs like *My Blue Heaven* and lots of old 20's and 30's music. I remember that so well, it is ingrained in my memory. My cousins and I played store, and we'd play post office because the old post office was in the store as well.

TERRELL: That's fun. How are you related to Brownie Rice?

LAMB: He is a Foster descendant, too, I think maybe a direct descendant of John and Randolph like me. I remember him coming to some of the Foster, Pattison, Rosenbush family reunions.

TERRELL: Do you have any other interesting relatives?

LAMB: My aunt, Maude Rhea Swanson, had 3 children and her oldest daughter married Ralph Cowgill and they lived in New York. When he retired from IBM, he decided to write a book on John Foster and his descendants. It took him 15 years to produce the book but what a treasure for all Foster Descendants to have.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Please read the Julius (Jess) Prentiss Stuart, III (son) and Julius Prentiss Stuart, Jr. (father) interviews wherein Ralph Cowgill's book is mentioned on this website at <https://www.fortbendcountytexas.gov/home/showdocument?id=26511>

TERRELL: What is the name of the Book?

LAMB: It is entitled *The Descendants of John Foster*. One has been given to the Fort Bend Museum and one to the Genealogy Library at the George Library. We gave one to each of the libraries in Brookshire, Waller County Library, and the Clayton Library in Houston.

I believe, one is in the Family History Library in Salt Lake City, and of course we gave one to Foster High School. We also sell them at the Foster Community Museum. Quite a few relatives of John Foster have purchased one.

TERRELL: Oh, that's wonderful. That was a work of love that he did. Tell us about your mother's garden.

LAMB: My mom had the garden behind the old house where she grew mustard greens, lettuce, bell peppers, tomatoes, squash, onions, carrots and green beans and radishes. She canned the green beans. She knew people who had pear trees in their yards and she picked the pears and canned them. Mustang grapes grew on Jones Creek. Mother picked those grapes and make grape jelly. There was a lady in Foster who was married to Jamie Parham. Her name was Zella Parham. She and mother were good friends back in the early years and they got together and canned as well as made pies; chocolate pies, coconut pies, they'd do a lot of baking. It was wonderful, great food.

Talking about the garden reminds me of the crops that were grown on the farm. They grew cotton and people that lived on the farm picked it. I rode with my dad to Rosenberg where the cotton was ginned. A couple of times I remember telling daddy that I wanted to pick cotton, I thought it would be fun. I think it was only after the second time that my cousins and I picked cotton that we decided that we did not want to do it anymore because it hurt our hands. It was very hard work and very hot.

My grandfather and dad baled hay. I remember he had a hay baler and it produced little round bales of hay. Now you see only the large round ones. I remember my brother and I going with my dad and throwing out hay to the cows, feeding in the different pastures. I think they grew alfalfa, too.

TERRELL: The cotton you sold, did you sell the corn or was it for your own use?

LAMB: I think that was just for us to eat or for feed for the livestock. But the pecans were sold. He bought the grafts from Mississippi and kept them refrigerated until he was ready to use them. Success, Desirable, and paper shell pecans named Mahans were the ones he grafted and sold. Of course, he sold the native pecans as well. He grafted many trees in and around Foster for other people.

My dad invented this little machine that he used in sorting the lightweight pecans from those that were good to sell. We have pictures of it. It's pretty long, about eight feet long. I think they have something similar to this at Bagley's Pecan House in Richmond. I've seen where they ran their pecans through but if they are too lightweight, it blew them out so you wouldn't get the bad pecans in with the good ones.

TERRELL: Did he patent it?

LAMB: No, he didn't. Lida Louise McNeill was a friend of my parents and knew them forever. When I've had lunch with her she's told me that she remembers Johnny was always talking about inventing a gadget where you could press a button and the garage door just came up and went back down. She said, "He used to talk about that all the time, René. I wish he would have done something about that."

EDITOR'S NOTE: Please read the Lida Louise Davis McNeill's interview on this website at <https://www.fortbendcountytexas.gov/home/showdocument?id=42870>

TERRELL: Oh, my goodness! No kidding? You said you had a horse.

LAMB: My brother had a horse, I had a horse, my dad had a horse. There were several other horses that the "hands" used when they were driving cattle.

TERRELL: What kind of cattle?

LAMB: He had a mixture of various breeds that he ran on different pastures. As one of my cousins pointed out, the properties were called Place One, Place Two, Place Three and the Prairie Place. The Prairie Place is just to the west of where Hines Nursery is now. I remember going up there as a kid and you could find Indian arrowheads. I remember also that there were wolves on the property at that time. Of course, my dad was a pretty crack shot and he took a rifle he had hanging in the truck window and carried it over his arm when he was riding in the truck. If he saw anything he could shoot it. I remember one time daddy saw a crow in a tree about 300+ yards away and shot it out of the tree. He was a very good shot. He loaded his own shells. A lot of people from Rosenberg / Richmond came to the house and daddy showed them or helped load their shells and sight in their guns.

TERRELL: Did your dad or your grandfather ever do any of their own butchering? Did you eat your own beef?

LAMB: We always picked out some calves and took them to Zero Food Locker in Rosenberg where we had the meat processed. We always had our own meat. Mother had it made into roast or cutlets or hamburger meat. As far as actually butchering it out on the property at the ranch, no they didn't do that.

TERRELL: What about chickens?

LAMB: My grandparents had chickens at their house and they laid eggs and I remember we gathered the eggs.

TERRELL: What about school? Did you go to school in Kindergarten?

LAMB: No, there wasn't kindergarten when I went to school. There was just first grade. I went to Robert E. Lee in Rosenberg for first and second grade. In third, fourth and fifth I went to Travis Elementary. Then in sixth grade I went to Taylor Ray, which is where the old Rosenberg High School was. I attended Lamar Junior High and graduated from Lamar High School in 1965.

TERRELL: What did you do for recreation when you were a child?

LAMB: I took tap, ballet, acrobat and dancing lessons. I was on the swimming team and we went to swim meets all over. I took twirling lessons, I was in the band, and on the pep squad. I was in a lot of extracurricular activities. I was involved in Methodist Youth Fellowship and attended many activities related to this group. I also went to summer camp with my cousin which was always fun. Of course, I was always riding horses. When I started dating, I did many more activities. Mother used to always say she felt like the roadrunner because all she did was run Ronnie and me back and forth up and down the road doing stuff.

TERRELL: I bet she was a chauffeur *extraordinaire*. What about a typical day as a young woman, the challenges, rewards and the best and the worst?

LAMB: As a teenager it was always fun to go to school and be there and see your friends and, of course, I was interested in different subjects. I really enjoyed Latin. I did well in school and knew that I needed to study, as I wanted to attend college and be a teacher or a psychologist. There were always extra activities with your friends, hanging out, having slumber parties, and once I started dating, there were always many places to go.

TERRELL: You did everything I did. What about the drive? If a date was going to come pick you up, was that ever a problem?

LAMB: No one ever complained. The guy that I'm married to, Chuck Lamb, moved here in 1960 or 1961. His dad was the Methodist Minister in Rosenberg. Chuck's mom taught school. He loved to come out to the ranch because he loved to hunt. He hunted birds and deer on the Prairie Place. Because he was a preacher's son he had all these free passes to movies so we always got to go to the Palms Theater in Sugar Land and the Cole Theater in Rosenberg and the drive-in theater in Rosenberg. He was on the football team, so that was always fun.

TERRELL: Did you attend college?

LAMB: Oh, yes, I went to Southwest Texas or Texas State as it's called now in San Marcos. That's where I got my Bachelor's Degree in Elementary Education. Then I went back to school at the University of Houston and got my certification in Special Education, followed by a master's degree in counseling. I was certified as an Elementary Counselor as well as a Special Education Counselor. I was both a teacher and a counselor during my career.

TERRELL: Where did you teach?

LAMB: I taught in San Antonio, Ennis, and several small towns in north Texas before moving back and working in Houston Independent School District, Lamar Consolidated Independent School District (LCISD) and finishing in Fort Bend Independent School District.

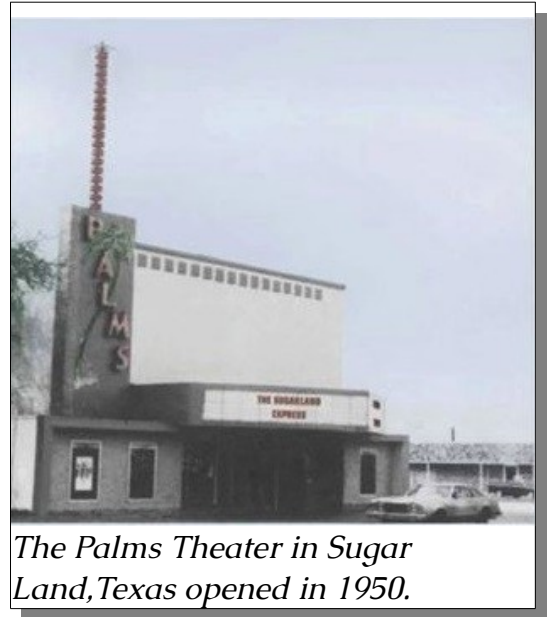
TERRELL: That's quite a career. Where was your spouse born and what work did he do?

LAMB: He was born in Wills Point, Texas. He owned a bar in Austin, Texas, for about 25-30 years. Prior to that he worked for the IRS. He considers Austin his hometown because when he got out of school that's where he stayed.

TERRELL: What was the name of the bar?

LAMB: *The Austin Outhouse*. He didn't name it, he bought it with that name. It's no longer there, but it's pretty well known. Not too long ago when I was in Austin, we went out and were listening to some music. A lady came up to him and she said, "You are such an icon in Austin." (chuckles) It really makes him feel old, but his bar was pretty well-known for letting people play music when they first came to Austin.

It's pretty hard to break into the music scene. You've got to have some place to play your music and he was always very generous with that. Some of those people have become famous both nationwide and in Europe. They have made some documentaries and written a book and even done a few movies related to the bar and the musicians who played there.



The Palms Theater in Sugar Land, Texas opened in 1950.

TERRELL: How fun.

LAMB: Yea, it is a lot of fun.

TERRELL: What organizations have you been a member of?

LAMB: I am a member of Delta Kappa Gamma, which is a teacher's sorority. I am eligible to join the Old Three Hundred, Daughters of the Republic of Texas, and the DAR, but I have not completed all the paper work. I was instrumental in the formation of the Old Foster Community Museum and have served on the board since inception, 2003. Since 2008, I have served as Vice President and Secretary and have a life-time appointment as Museum Coordinator. I also co-chair the annual fundraiser and serve on the Scholarship committee.



René Lamb and Vickie Tonn received the Heritage Award from the Fort Bend County Historical Commission on March 5, 2013. The two recipients are officers of the Old Foster Community Museum board of directors.

I am a member of the Fort Bend County Historical Commission (FBCHC) and received the FBCHC Heritage Award in 2013.

TERRELL: I think you all have done a great job. What are the major changes you have seen in this area during your lifetime?

LAMB: I'd say the changes have been good on one hand but not so good on the other. I don't like to see change, but I know change has to come. When we moved to our home on FM 723, my mom had to drive us to the intersection of FM 359 and FM 723 to catch the bus because the bus would not drive down FM 723 because the road was so bad. Later, road conditions improved.

I have seen a huge change in the roads and the building of new subdivisions. I've seen the influx of people and the increase in traffic. I'm not happy with it, but how do you stop progress? I guess it was inevitable people would discover what a wonderful place Fort Bend County is and especially our Foster area. It is so beautiful and has incredible trees.

People just come and keep coming, what can I say? However, I have met some incredible people. There are some great businesses and incredible restaurants, so that is a plus. But I do wish it was still country and not becoming so suburban.

TERRELL: What are your most vivid memories? It can be of childhood or anything.

LAMB: Our relatives and family friends came out and we had wonderful family picnics. We played in our tree house or made tents out of quilts or put on plays and asked our parents to watch us perform. We might spend a day riding horses. My parents had friends from neighboring towns who came out and brought their kids. The adults played cards in the house and the kids played outside. We made homemade ice cream a lot. Sometimes the families went to the pasture and picked up pecans and had a picnic. We were big on picnics. We'd go to Houston a lot to see our cousins and other relatives. Mother and daddy took us to downtown Houston a lot, which was always exciting. We went to Freeport and Galveston to the beach and took vacations in the summer around Texas. We also took several trips out of state to New York and Washington D. C. My dad loved to eat out so we went to many different restaurants. I had an incredible childhood. Memory upon memory.

TERRELL: You were very fortunate. I think we lived in the best of times.

LAMB: I do, too. I completely agree with you.

TERRELL: Well, do you have any photographs?

LAMB: I have lots of photographs and lots of documents. I have shared these documents with the museum. I've shared lot of things I have with Jess Stuart, who is related to me on the Foster side. In fact, I have the family bible of Lucy Ruffin Hunter who was married to Randolph Foster. I have some incredible pictures of old Foster. I have one of my grandfather out in the pasture wearing his old safari hat. My brother and I have always taken lots of pictures and my dad did, too. In fact, there is one picture that we have hanging in the Foster Museum that I took in 1958 when I was in fourth grade. The photo's caption reads, "*Foster: Population 40*". In the background you see my grandfather's store with the old wooden water tower and the trough beneath.

TERRELL: When Foster School was built how hard was it to get them to name it Foster?

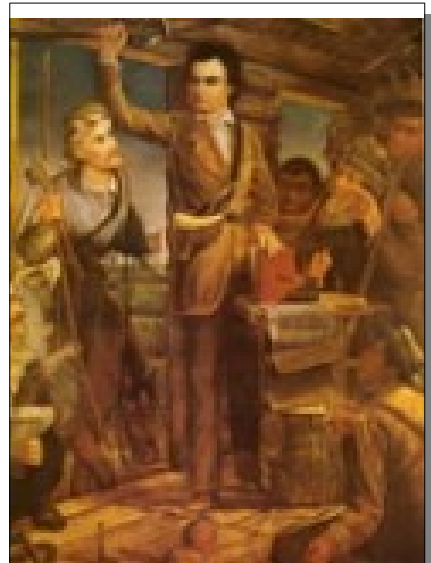
LAMB: It was really interesting. When I found out they were going to do that, I contacted Leigh John Bentley who is my cousin in Fulshear. Leigh John, Jo Ann Stuart, another cousin who lives in Foster, and I pulled together a book using the material from Ralph Cowgill's book on John Foster. Both Randolph Foster and John believed in education. John started the first school that was in Foster. The teacher lived with them. He also started Jefferson College in Mississippi before coming to Texas in his mid 60's.



John and Randolph Foster High School, Lamar Consolidated Independent School District, Foster, Texas courtesy -- Wikipedia Commons

Both John and Randolph fit the profile that LCISD had set forth for the naming of the school. They not only believed in education, they were people of good character, pioneers and patriots. We compiled the documentation in a book, with a cover photo of James McArtle's painting of Randolph Foster and others. This painting, named "*The Settlement of Austin's Colony*", hangs to the right of the stand of the Speaker of the House of Representatives in Austin.

We began by first getting signatures from everyone who was in favor of naming the school Foster. We went to school board meeting and talked to the school board members campaigning for the Foster name.



Henry McArdle's 1875 painting, "The Settlement of Austin's Colony" depicts Randolph Foster standing behind Stephen Austin.

We also talked to our cousin, Gordon Briscoe, who lives in Harlingen and is a noted historian, about placing historical markers for both John and Randolph at the school. Thanks to Gordon's efforts this was accomplished and we had a dedication of the markers in 2001. They are placed in front of Foster High School.

TERRELL: How did you start the Foster Museum?

LAMB: Many worked on it but JoAnn Stuart, Gena Walhs, and I took the lead on starting the museum. In 2004 an historical marker was erected on the site. The Old Foster Community Museum certainly cannot be compared to the Ft. Bend Museum in size nor funding; however, this grassroots museum and area is saturated with history.

EDITORIAL NOTE: Gordon Briscoe's papers are entitled: *Randolph Foster (1790)-1878) & Lucy Ruffin Hunter (1804-1872) Pioneers of Williamson County, Mississippi, Colonist of Austin's Old Three Hundred and John Foster (1757-1857) South Carolina Patriot, Natchez District Pioneer, One of Austin's Old Three Hundred.*

This year we drew up a land plan for the property. We hired a land planner to help us lay out where all the future building and structures will be placed. Part of our mission statement is to save any of the old structures that are still in or around Foster. We have plans to move an old tenant house and the Wilderness Branch Baptist Church which have been donated to us.

TERRELL: You are a wealth of information and I really do appreciate it. I have enjoyed meeting you.

LAMB: Thank you, you too.

Interview ends



Foster Community Museum in Foster, Texas. -- Wikipedia Commons